## DEVELOPMENT—MORAL AND MATERIAL—
(INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE).

(*Nos.* 85 *to* 88.)

SUBJECT No. 85.

A committee for the purchase of machinery, etc.

Mr. Belur Srinivasa Iyengar, Bangalore Taluk.

*Summary of Representation.*—For the purchase of machinery, etc., of the value of over Rs. 50,000 for State purposes, a committee consisting of the Member of Council in charge of the portfolio, the Head of the Department and three non-officials from the Representative Assembly may be appointed to submit final recommendation to Government regarding acceptance of tender, etc.

Withdrawn.

SUBJECT No. 86.

Revival of the Home Industries Scheme.

Messrs. H. V. Chandrasekharayya, R. Gopalaswami Iyer, B. Abdur Rahman and H. Krishnappa, Bangalore City Municipality.

*Summary of Discussion.*—Several members including the mover wanted the Home Industries Institutes and classes to be revived. Mr. Paramasivaiya opposed the motion as considerable waste of money had been allowed in the past.

*Reply of Government.*—Government are convinced that it is necessary to revive the scheme of rural and cottage industries, and every attempt will be made to remove the defects noticed in the past in the working of the scheme and to place its working on a sounder and more efficient basis.

SUBJECT No. 87.

Free supply of Kannada copies of the weekly journal of the Chamber of Commerce to all the Reading Rooms at Government cost.

Mr. Ananta Padmanabba Tivari, Hiriyur Taluk.

*Summary of Discussion.*—The mover suggested that as the journal was very helpful to the merchants of the State, it might be translated into Kannada and supplied free to all the Reading Rooms.

*Reply of Government.*—The journal is published both in English and Kannada by the Chamber of Commerce and is available to the general public on payment of subscription. Government cannot undertake to supply the journal. If the mover considers it necessary, he may make a representation to the Chamber of Commerce.

SUBJECT No. 88.

Starting grain banks in each village.

Messrs. Soorappa and Naranappa, Sira Taluk.

*Messrs. Soorappa and S. Naranappa.*—Government may be pleased to order that grain banks may be established in every village as they serve as an insurance against famine.

*First Member of Council.*—The establishment of such banks was under the consideration of the Mysore Co-operative Committee and this subject will be considered when the report of that committee is received.

## DEVELOPMENT—MORAL AND MATERIAL—
(EDUCATION.)

(*Nos.* 89 *to* 114.)

SUBJECT No. 89.

Opening of a Medical College in the Mysore University.

Messrs. (a) S. R. Balakrishna Rao, Mysore University and (b) G. Girmaji Rao, Kolar Taluk.

*Summary of Discussion.*—There is a great need for the institution of the Medical Faculty, as Mysore graduates were denied admission in Bombay Medical College and only a few could secure seats in the Madras Medical College. The starting of a Medical College does not present insuperable difficulty in as much as the hospitals in Bangalore can afford ample facilities for such opening and stated that at the outset a modest sum of Rs. 1 lakh would be sufficient.

*Dewan.*—The question of introducing the faculty of medicine in the Mysore University is bound up with the provision of additional funds which Government in the present circumstances are not able to provide. There have been many calls on the State's finances and Government are unable to open the faculty in question for the present. The reorganisation of studies is however under the active consideration of the University and the question will be taken up when finance improves.

SUBJECT No. 90.

Opening of a Law College in the Mysore University.

Mr. S. R. Balakrishna Rao, Mysore University.

*Summary of Representation.*—The Law College may be started as per scheme prepared by the University and a small sum of Rs. 20,000 a year may be granted. The College is expected to be self-supporting after three years of starting.

NOTE.—The discussion of this subject was not urged.

SUBJECT No. 91.

An annual grant of Rs. 10 lakhs to the Mysore University.

Mr. S. Srikantaiya, Mysore University.

*Mr. S. Sreekantiah* suggested that a sum of 10 lakhs of rupees may be guaranteed for the expenditure of the Mysore University, in order to make it a modern and up-to-date institution.

*The Dewan* explained that it was not possible to guarantee any fixed annual grant to the University in the present state of the finances. He invited the attention of the member to the fact that in the Benares Hindu University, which was running more faculties than the Mysore University, the total expenditure was only Rs. 5 lakhs.

*Mr. Sreekantiah* withdrew the subject on the understanding that the existing grant to the University will not be reduced year after year.

*The Dewan* permitted Mr. Sanjeeviah to open discussion on the subject of enhancing the allotment for the backward class scholarships from Rs. 1 lakh to Rs. 2 lakhs. He said that the number of students of backward communities, who are in need of such help, is increasing year by year and the existing allotment, which was sanctioned some years ago, is not sufficient to afford adequate relief. Many of the poor students were obliged to go without scholarships and it was therefore very necessary to increase the grant to 2 lakhs of rupees.

Mr. Paramasiviah supported the proposition.

*Dewan.*—The proposal will be noted for consideration at the next budget time.

SUBJECT No. 92.

Facilities for admission of students to the Central and the Maharaja's Colleges.

Messrs. (a) S. Srikantaiya, Mysore University; S. Krishnaswami Rao, Mysore Taluk; B. N. Raghavaiya, Shimoga Town Municipality; (b) Belur Srinivasiengar, Bangalore Taluk; (c) B. Srini-

*Mr. S. Srikantiah* observed that the experience of this year has shown that the Colleges in the State have no adequate accommodation for the increasing number of students who seek admission to them. This difficulty was very actually felt in July last and no proper solution has been found. It is therefore essential that from next year facilities for admission of students to the Central College should be provided on a larger scale than at present. Want of seats in the Central College has put the student population to no small inconvenience and necessary arrangements must be made to relieve them from the difficulty. The number of seats for science students in the Central College is extremely inadequate while every year sees a growing number of students seeking admission to it. The want may be remedied by increasing the number of